



# AS2070: Aerospace Structural Mechanics

## Module 1: Elastic Stability

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Dept. of Aerospace Engg., IIT Madras, Chennai

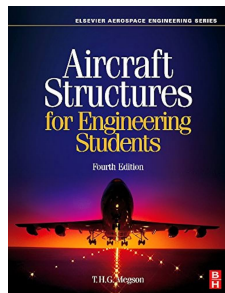
January 28, 2025

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*Chapters 1-3 in Brush and Almroth (1975).*

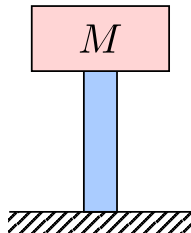


*Chapters 7-9  
in Megson (2013)*

# 1. Introduction

Structural Stability: What?

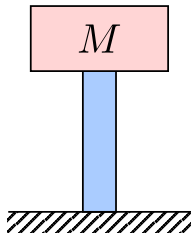
- Consider supporting a mass  $M$  on the top of a rod.



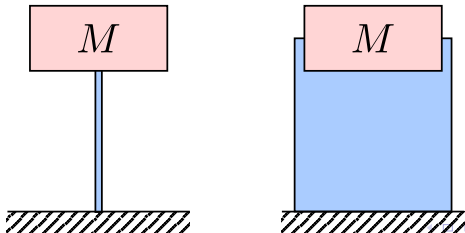
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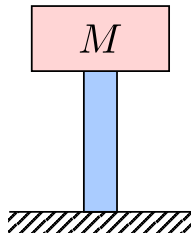
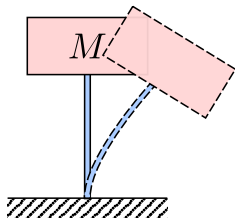
**Two Extreme Cases:**



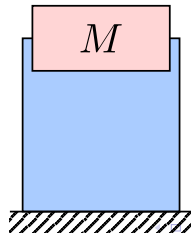
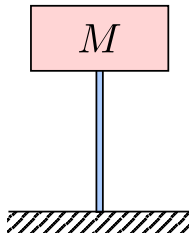
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Structural Stability: What?

- Consider supporting a mass  $M$  on the top of a rod.
- Collapse is imminent on at least one!



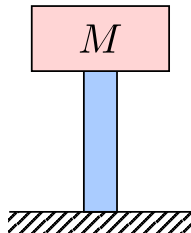
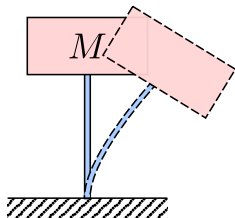
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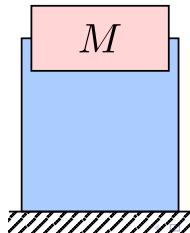
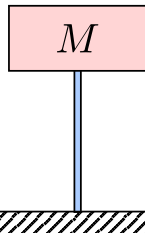
# 1. Introduction

Structural Stability: What?

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How can we mathematically describe this?

# 1. Introduction

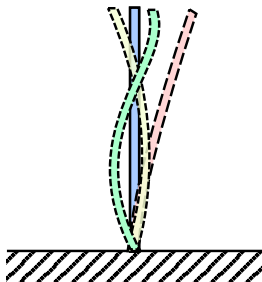
Structural Stability: Perturbation Behavior

## Perturbation Behavior

Key insight we will invoke is behavior under **perturbation**:

*How would the system respond if I slightly perturb it?*

- Mathematically, by perturbation we mean *any change to the system's configuration*.
- In this case, this could be different deflection shapes.



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Structural Stability: Perturbation Behavior

## Perturbation Behavior

Key insight we will invoke is behavior under **perturbation**:

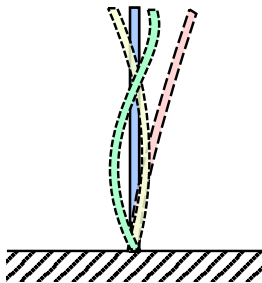
*How would the system respond if I slightly perturb it?*

- Mathematically, by perturbation we mean *any change to the system's configuration*.
- In this case, this could be different deflection shapes.

### Question (Slightly more specific)

What will the system tend to do if an arbitrarily small magnitude of perturbation is introduced?

- Will it tend to **return to its original configuration**?
- Will it **blow up**?
- Will it do **something else entirely**?





# 1.1. Elastic Stability

## Introduction

What do these words mean?

Elastic  $\rightarrow$  Reversible  $\rightarrow$  Conservative

### Conservative System

- The restoring force of a conservative system can be written using a gradient of a **potential function**:

$$\underline{F} = -\nabla U.$$

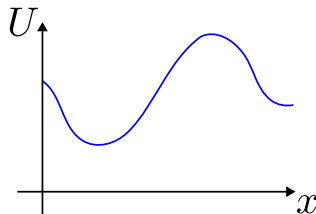
### Equilibrium

- System achieves equilibrium when  $\underline{F} = \underline{0}$ , i.e.,

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### 1D Example

Consider a system whose configuration is expressed by the scalar  $x$  and the potential is as shown.



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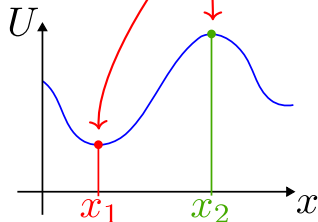
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### 1D Example

Consider a system whose potential is as shown. These are the equilibria.



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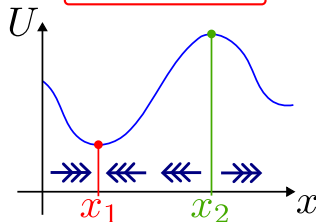
$$\nabla U = 0.$$

### 1D Example

Consider a system whose configuration is expressed by the scalar  $x$  and the potential is

Remember,

$$F = -\frac{dU}{dx}.$$



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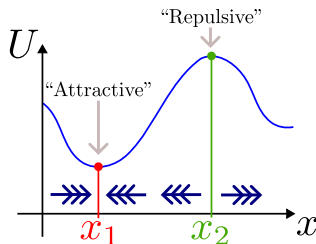
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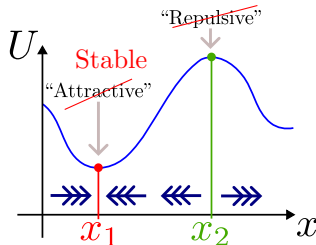
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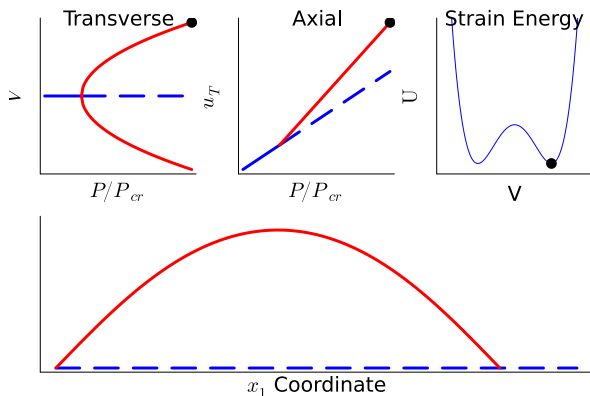
Consider a system whose configuration is expressed by the scalar  $x$  and the potential is as shown. **Unstable**



# 1.2. Bifurcation

## Introduction

A system is said to have **undergone a bifurcation** if its state of stability has changed due to the variation of some parameter.

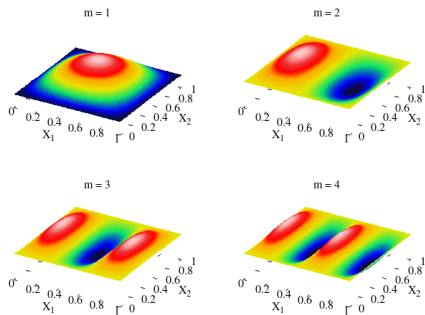


*Example: A pinned-pinned beam undergoing axial loading.*

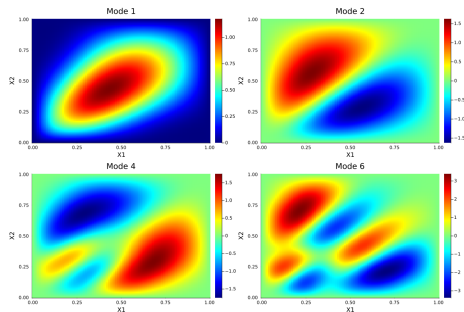
# 1.3. Modes of Stability Loss

## Introduction

The **configuration** that a system can assume as it undergoes a bifurcation is the *mode* of the stability loss.



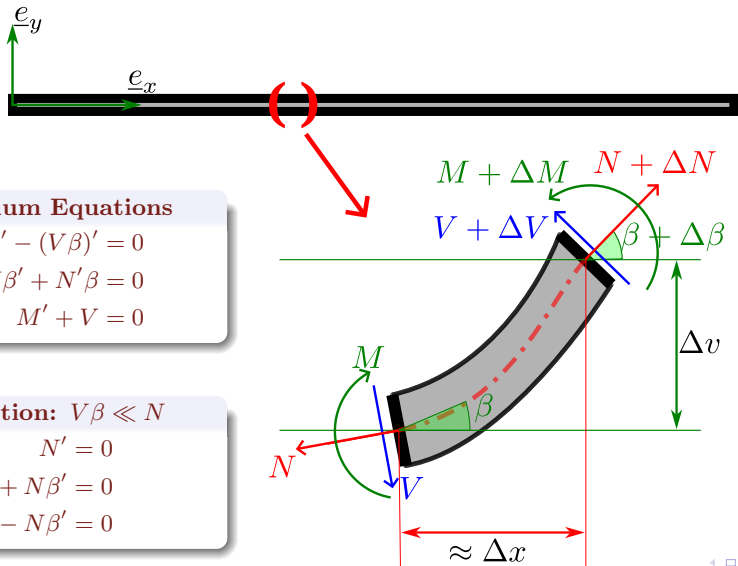
*Example: Thin plate (pinned) under axial loading*



*Example: Thin plate (pinned) under shear loading*

## 2.1. Equilibrium Equations

### Euler Buckling of Columns



#### Equilibrium Equations

$$N' - (V\beta)' = 0$$

$$V' + N\beta' + N'\beta = 0$$

$$M' + V = 0$$

#### Assumption: $V\beta \ll N$

$$N' = 0$$

$$V' + N\beta' = 0$$

$$M'' - N\beta' = 0$$



## 2.2. Kinematic Description

### Euler Buckling of Columns

# References I

- [1] D. O. Brush and B. O. Almroth. **Buckling of Bars, Plates, and Shells**, McGraw-Hill, 1975. ISBN: 978-0-07-008593-0 (cit. on p. 2).
- [2] T. H. G. Megson. **Aircraft Structures for Engineering Students**, Elsevier, 2013. ISBN: 978-0-08-096905-3 (cit. on p. 2).

## 4. Class Discussions (Outside of Slides)

- Ball on a hill. 2D, 3D cases.
- Assumptions behind compression of a bar.